



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI TORINO

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FOREIGN CANDIDATES SITTING THE ADMISSION EXAM IN PRESENCE

For candidates who come from abroad or Italian candidates who return to Italy from abroad, information on the obligations envisaged can be found at the following links:

<http://www.viaggiare Sicuri.it/>

<https://www.governo.it/it/coronavirus-informazioni-rientro-Italia>

<https://www.salute.gov.it/portale/nuovocoronavirus/dettaglioContenutiNuovoCoronavirus>.

<https://www.salute.gov.it/imgs/C17notizie55800file.pdf>;

Excerpt from the circular "Clarifications on Green Certifications and their use in a cross-border context and on the Digital Passenger Locator Form" of the Ministry of Health:

"Following the latest regulatory measures such as the Italian DPCM of June 17, 2021 and the Ordinance of the Minister of Health of June 18, 2021, as well as in compliance with article 49, paragraph 4, letter b, of the Italian DPCM of March 2, 2021, it is specified that the controls of green certifications, issued pursuant to article 9 of Legislative Decree 52 of 22 April 2021 and pursuant to European Regulations 2021/953 and 2021/954 of 14 June 2021, must be carried out by the carriers at the time of boarding of passengers on the specific means of transport with the purpose of entering Italy.

These verifications must ensure that the passenger complies with the requirements to enter Italy, and for citizens who have transited or stayed in the last 14 days in countries belonging to LIST C (European Union States, Switzerland, Iceland, Norway, Lichtenstein and Israel) or in Canada, Japan or the United States, the obligation to present a certification proving: - Completion of the prescribed vaccination cycle for at least 14 days, with one of the licensed vaccines by the European Medicines Agency (EMA) and the Italian Medicines Agency (AIFA); or

- have recovered from COVID-19 with simultaneous cessation of fiduciary isolation (the validity of the certificate of healing is 180 days from the date of the first positive molecular swab); or
- have carried out a molecular or antigenic swab with negative results in the 48 hours prior to enter Italy.

For entries from the remaining countries of list D and list E, the provisions of the Italian DPCM of 2 March 2021 and following ordinances of the Minister of Health still persist, except from subsequent changes according to the evolution of the epidemiological scenario.

While, for entries from the UK subjects entering Italy are obliged to present to the carrier the green certification proving the carrying out antigenic or molecular swabs in the 48 hours prior to entry to Italy, to communicate their entry to the Department of prevention 3 of the competent ASL, to respect a period of fiduciary isolation of 5 days and to undergo a molecular or antigenic swab at the end of the quarantine.

The obligation to communicate one's entry to the Prevention Department of the competent ASL remains for entries from the UK, from the countries in the lists D and E (except from Canada, Japan and the United States).

Accepted certifications must be written in Italian, English, French or Spanish.

Finally, it is reiterated that for the purposes of entry the Italian territory, an antigenic or molecular swab is required for subjects aged 6 or over who do not have a certificate of vaccination or recovery.

The vaccines currently accepted in Italy for entry from countries of List C, Canada, Japan and the United States are:

1. Comirnaty of Pfizer-BioNtech;
2. Moderna;



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3. Vaxzevria di AstraZeneca;
4. Janssen (Johnson & Johnson).

Completion of the prescribed vaccination course means two doses for the first three vaccines on the list and one dose for the fourth.

However, for subjects recovered from COVID-19, the end of the prescribed vaccination cycle corresponds to having received a dose of one of the four vaccines. "

Attachment 20

Transfers to and from abroad

List A

Republic of San Marino, Vatican City State

List B

Countries and territories with a low epidemiological risk, as indicated in the list C, with ordinance adopted according to art.6, par.2.

List C

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cipro, Croatia, Danemark (including Faer Oer islands and Greenland), Estonia, Finland, France, (including Guadalupa, Martinica, Guyana, Reunion, Mayotte and excluding other territories outside European territory), Germany, Greece, Ireland, Latvia, Lituania, Luxemburg, Malta, The Netherlands (excluding other territories outside European territory), Poland, Portugal (including Azores and Madeira), Czech Republic, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain (including territories in the African continent), Sweden, Hungary, Iceland, Norway, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, Andorra, Principality of Monaco.

List D

Australia, New Zeland, Korea Republic, Rwanda, Singapore, Thailand, and further countries and territories with a low epidemiological risk, as indicated in the list C, with ordinance adopted according to art.6, par.2.

List E

All other States or territories not expressly indicated in other lists.